



SFP-10G-BX40D/SFP-10G-BX40U

10Gb/s SFP+ BIDI 40KM Transceiver

1.Feature

- SFP+ package with LC connector
- 1270nm(1330nm) DFB Laser and PIN-TIA photodetector
- Up to 40Km transmission on SMF
- Up to 11.3Gbps Data Links
- Support dual CDR in TX and RX channel(optional)
- +3.3V single power supply
- Power dissipation<1.5W
- 2-wire interface with integrated Digital Diagnostic monitoring
- Low EMI and excellent ESD protection
- laser safety standard IEC-60825 compliant
- Compatible with RoHS
- Compliant with SFF-8472 SFP+ MSA
- Compliant to SFP+ SFF-8431 and SFF-8432

2.Application

- Ethernet
- Telecom
- Fiber Channel

3.Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units
Storage Temperature	Tst	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+4.0	V
Operating Relative Humidity	RH	5	95	%





4.Operation Environment

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Units
Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.15	3.3	3.45	V
Operating Case Temperature	Commercial	Tc	0		+70	°C
	Industrial		-40		+85	
Power Dissipation					1.5	W
Data Rate				10.3125		Gbps

5.Optical Characteristics

(Ambient Operating Temperature 0°C to +70°C, Vcc =3.3 V)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Transmitter Section						
Center Wavelength	Tx 1270	λ_o	1260	1270	1280	nm
	Tx 1330		1320	1330	1340	
Spectral Width(-20dB)	Tx 1270	$\Delta\lambda$			1	nm
	Tx 1330				1	
Average Output Power	Tx 1270	Po	0		+4	dBm
	Tx 1330		0		+4	
Extinction Ratio		Er	3.5			dB
Side-Mode Suppression Ratio		SMSR	35			dB
Total jitter		Tj	IEEE 802.3ae			
Receiver Section						
Center Wavelength	Rx 1330	λ_o	1320	1330	1340	nm
	Rx 1270		1260	1270	1280	
Receiver Sensitivity		Rsen			-15	dBm





Receiver Overload	Rov	-3			dBm
Return Loss		12			dB
LOS Assert	LOS _A	-28			dBm
LOS Dessert	LOS _D			-16	dBm
LOS Hysteresis		0.5		4	

6.Electrical Characteristics

(Ambient Operating Temperature 0°C to +70°C, Vcc =3.3 V)

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	unit
Transmitter Section						
Input Differential Impedence		Zin	90	100	110	Ohm
Data Input Swing Differential		Vin	180		700	mV
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V
	Enable		-0.3		0.8	V
TX Fault	Assert		2.4		Vcc	V
	Deassert		-0.3		0.8	V
Receiver Section						
Output differential impedence		Zout	80	100	120	Ohm
Data Input Swing Differential		Vout	300		850	mV
Rx_LOS	Assert		2.0		Vcc	V
	Deassert		-0.3		0.4	V

7.Diagnostics

Parameter	Range	Accuracy	Unit	Calibration
Temperature	-5 ~ 70	±5	°C	Internal
Voltage	3.15 ~ 3.45	0.1	V	Internal
Bias Current	10 ~ 80	±2	mA	Internal
Tx Power	-5 ~ +5	±2	dBm	Internal
Rx Power	-18 ~ -3	±3	dBm	Internal

8.Pin Description





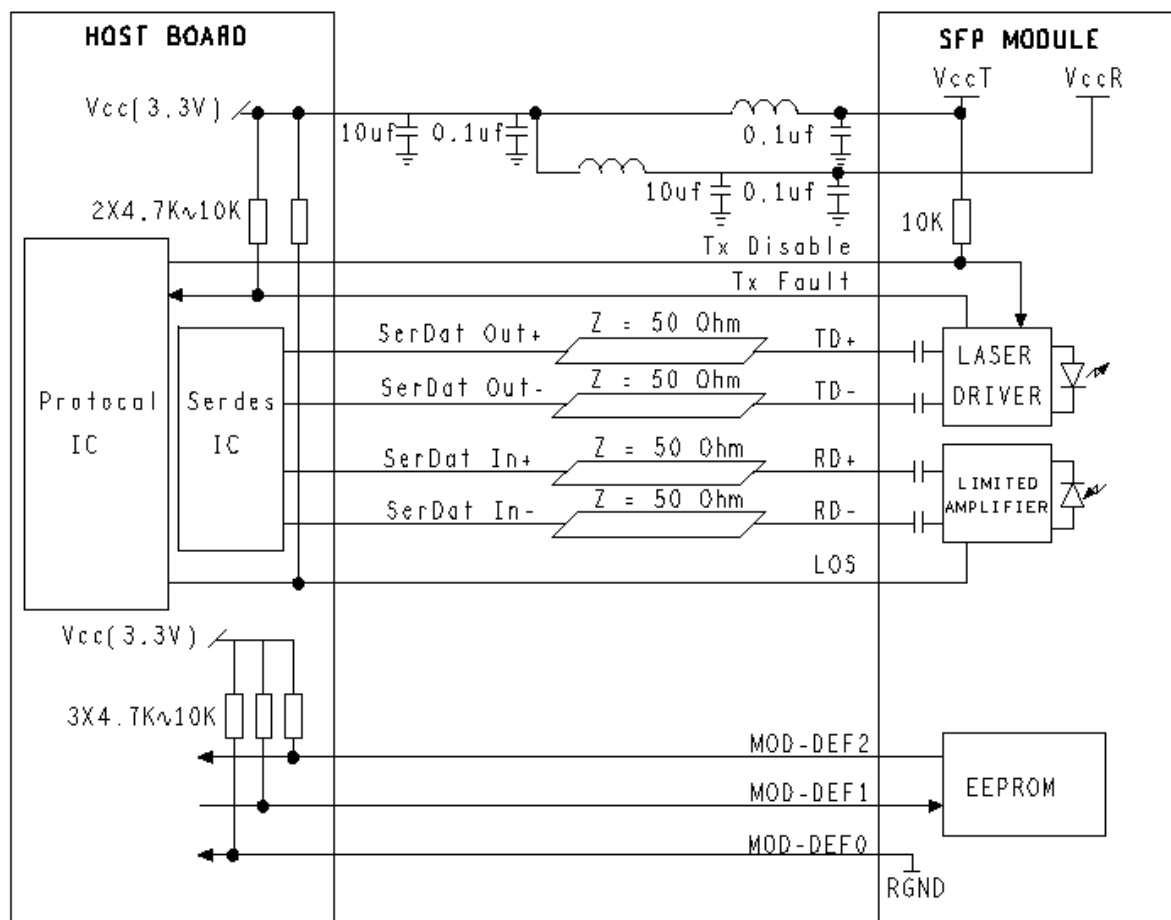
Pins	Name	Discription	NOTE
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	
2	Tx Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	1
3	Tx Disable	Transmitter Disable	2
4	MOD DEF2	Module Definition 2	3
5	MOD DEF1	Module Definition 1	3
6	MOD DEF0	Module Definition 0	3
7	RS0	Not Connected	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	4
9	RS1	Not Connected	
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Output	5
13	RD+	IReceived Data Output	5
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	
15	VccR	Receiver Power	
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	

17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	
18	TD+	Transmit Data Input	6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data Input	6
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	

Notes:

1. TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim 10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and $V_{cc}+0.3V$. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
2. TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7k\sim 10k\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:
 - Low (0~0.8V): Transmitter on
 - (>0.8V, <2.0V): Undefined
 - High (2.0~3.3V): Transmitter Disabled
 - Open: Transmitter Disabled
3. MOD-DEF 0,1,2 are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim 10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be V_{ccT} or V_{ccR} .
 - MOD-DEF 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present
 - MOD-DEF 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
 - MOD-DEF 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
4. LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim 10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and $V_{cc}+0.3V$. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
5. These are the differential receiver output. They are internally AC-coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
6. These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

9. Recommended Application Circuit



10.Outline drawing (mm)

